

AM Directional Antenna Essentials

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A Practical Guide to System Operation and Maintenance

- DA System Hardware and What it Does
- Bandwidth Optimization Concepts
- How to Keep the System in Good Repair
- Tactical Troubleshooting
- Dealing with the FCC

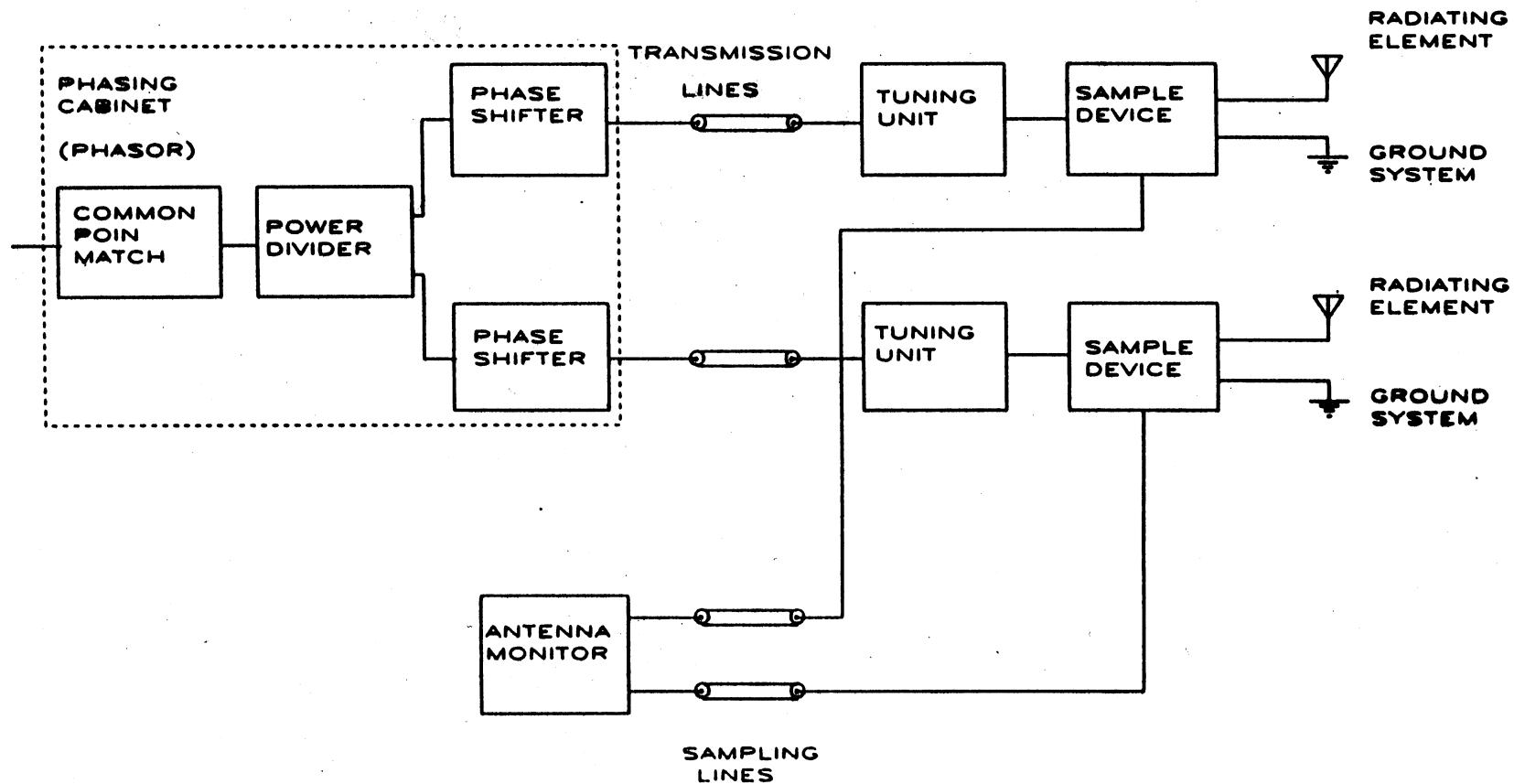
Directional Antenna Hardware

- The components and purpose

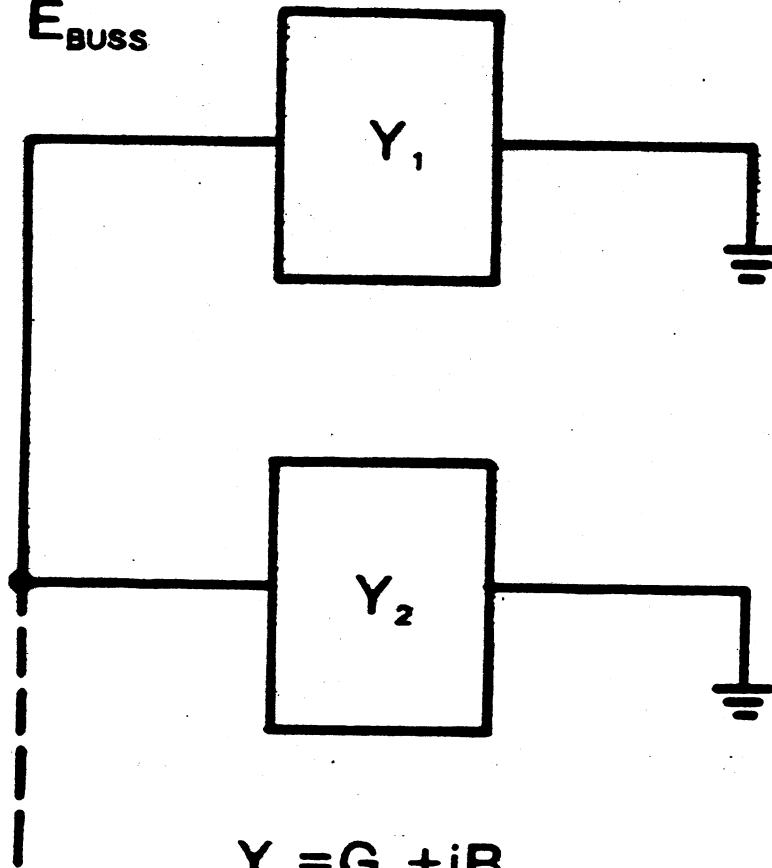
Network Building Blocks

- T Networks
- L Networks
- Shunt Reactance
- Series Reactance

System Block Diagram



E_{BUSS}



$$Y_N = G_N + jB_N$$

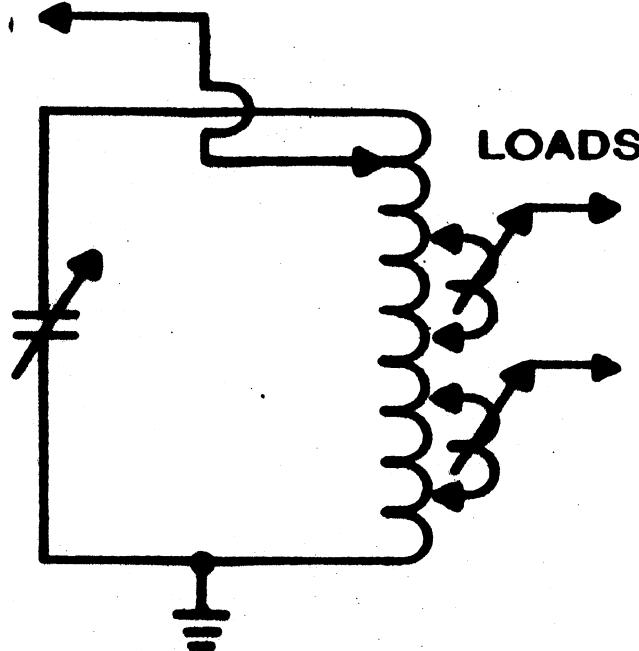
$$P_N = G_N (E_{BUSS})^2$$

**General Power Divider
Principle**

Power Division

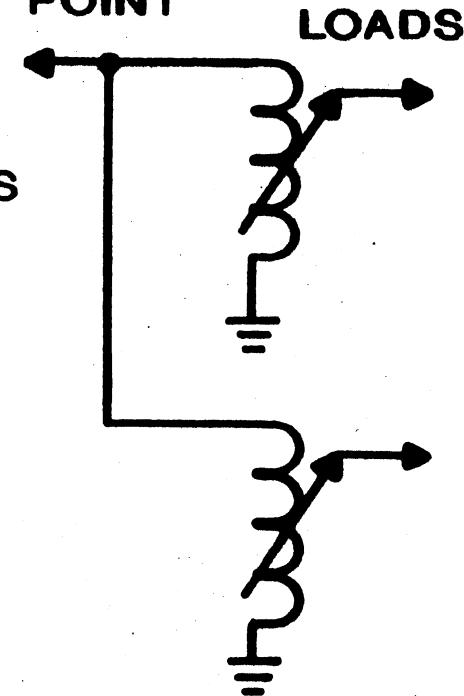
Divider Types

TO
COMMON
POINT



"TANK" OR
"JEEP COIL"

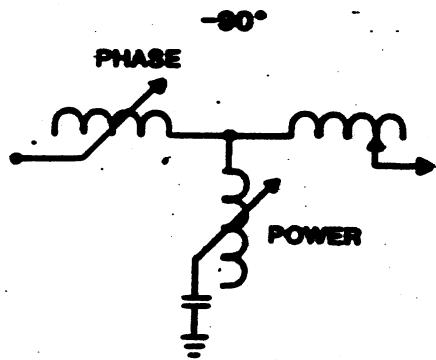
TO
COMMON
POINT



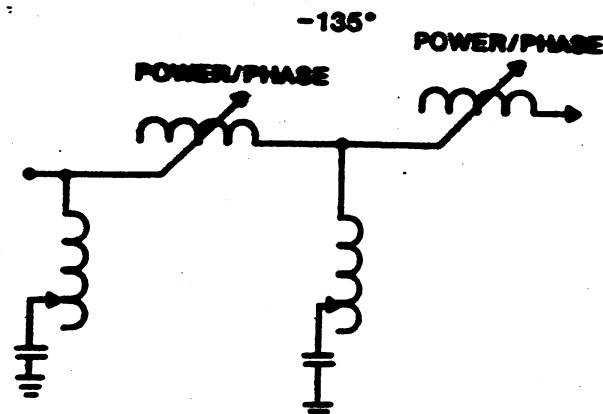
"PARALLEL" OR
"OHMS LAW"

Traditional Power Divider
Types

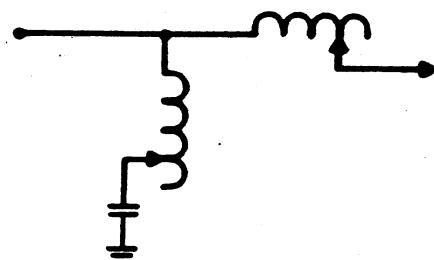
Divider Types



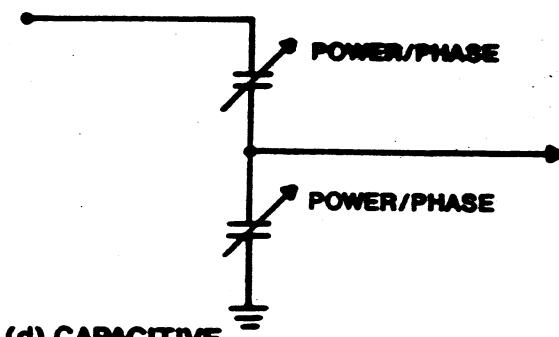
(a) T NETWORK



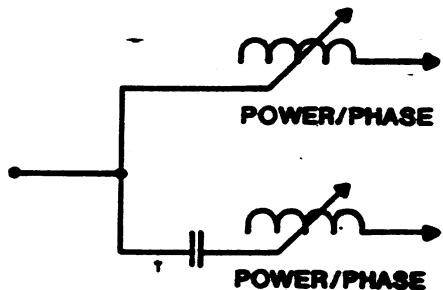
(b) 135 DEGREE



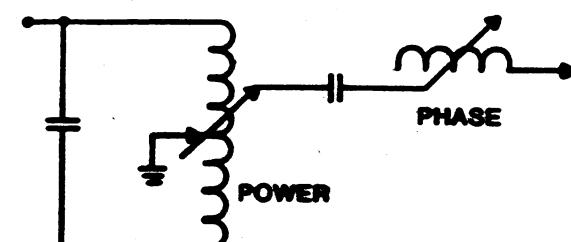
(c) FIXED L NETWORK



(d) CAPACITIVE

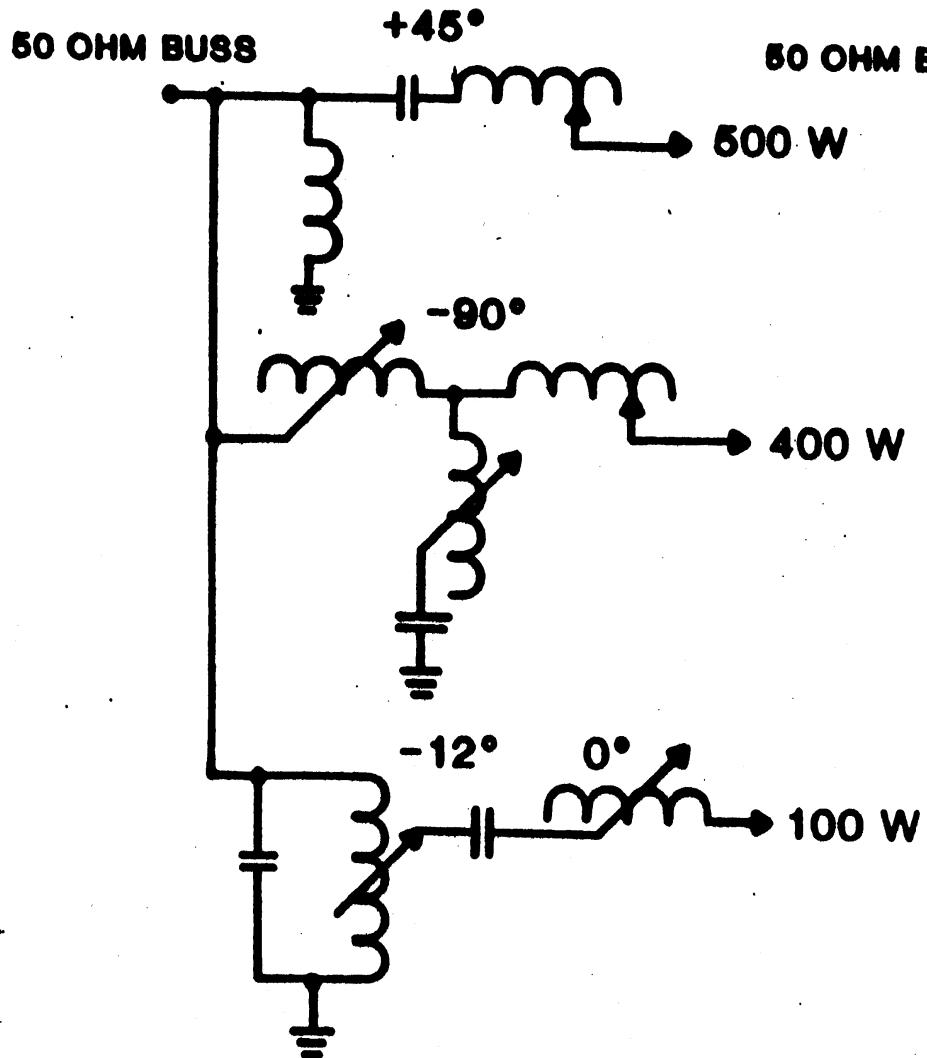


(e) QUADRATURE

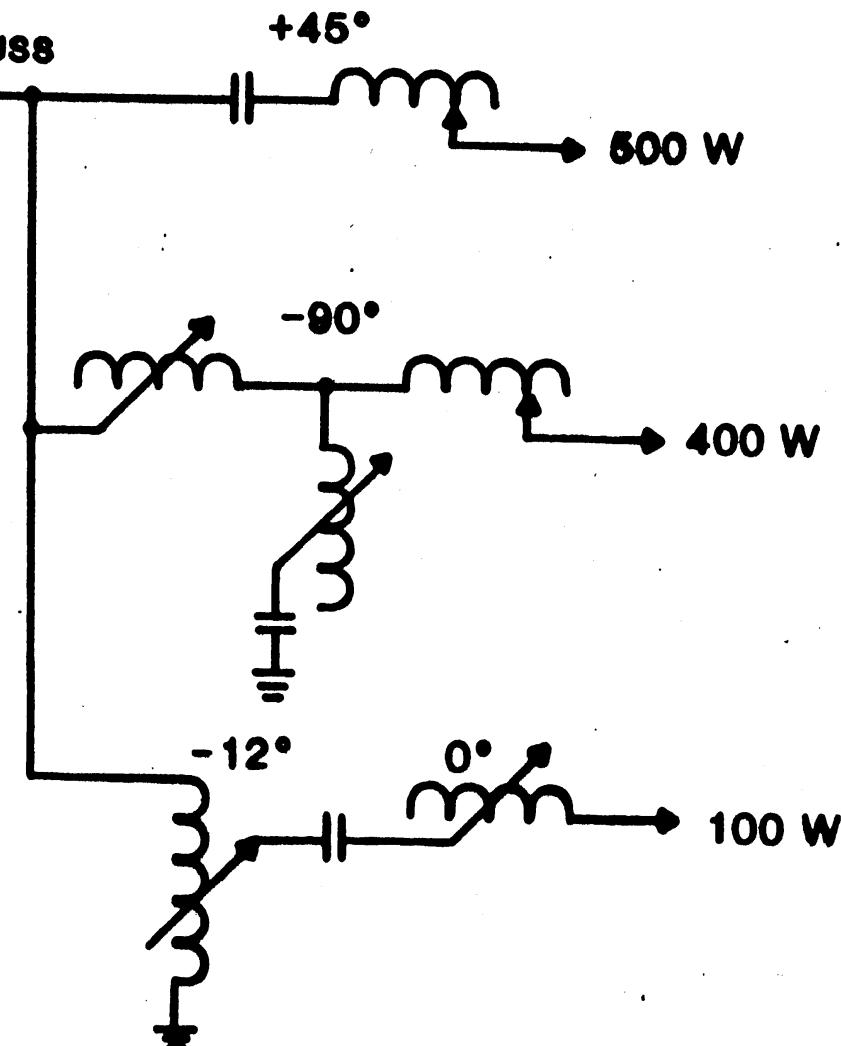


(f) FLEXIBLE POWER FLOW

Examples



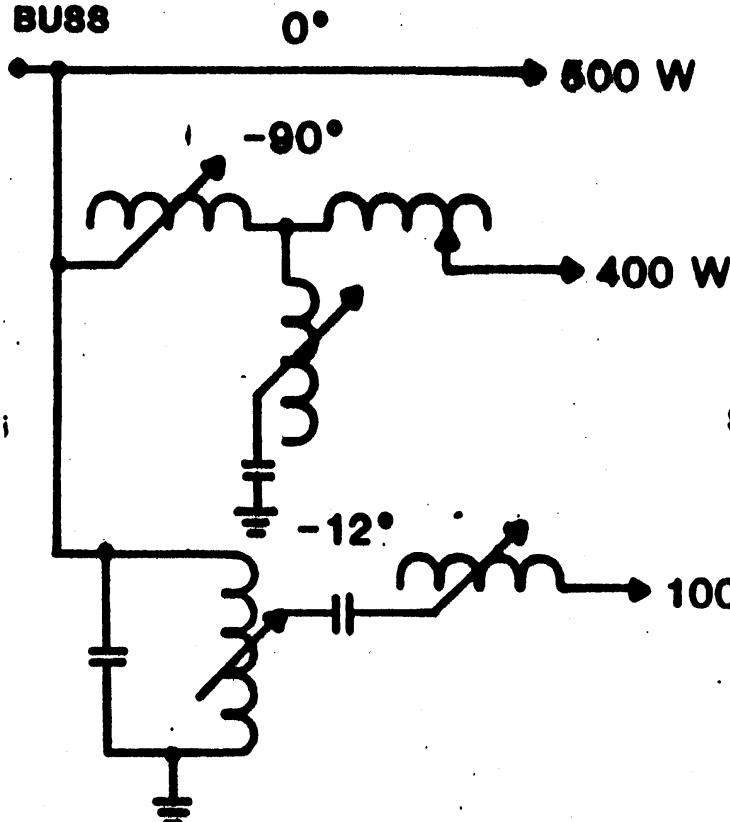
(a) MIXED USE OF POWER DIVIDER TYPES



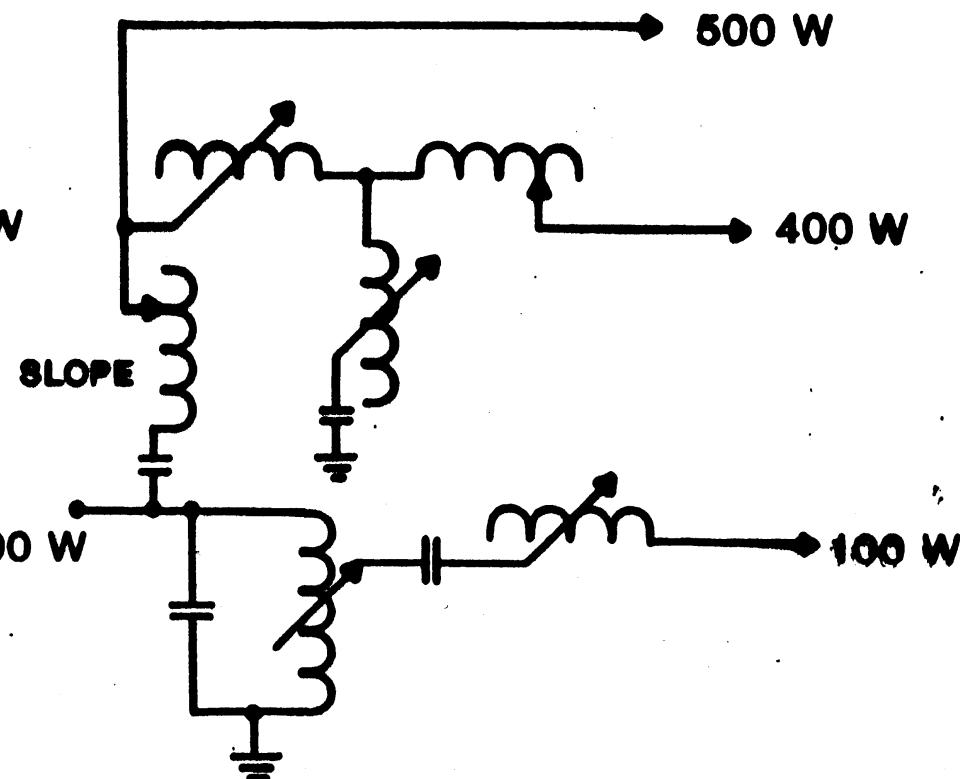
(b) SIMPLIFICATION BY ELIMINATION OF PARALLEL COMPONENTS

More Examples

25 OHM BUSS



(c) DIRECT FEED TO HIGHEST
POWER TOWER



(d) SPLIT BUSS WITH PATTERN
BANDWIDTH IMPROVEMENT

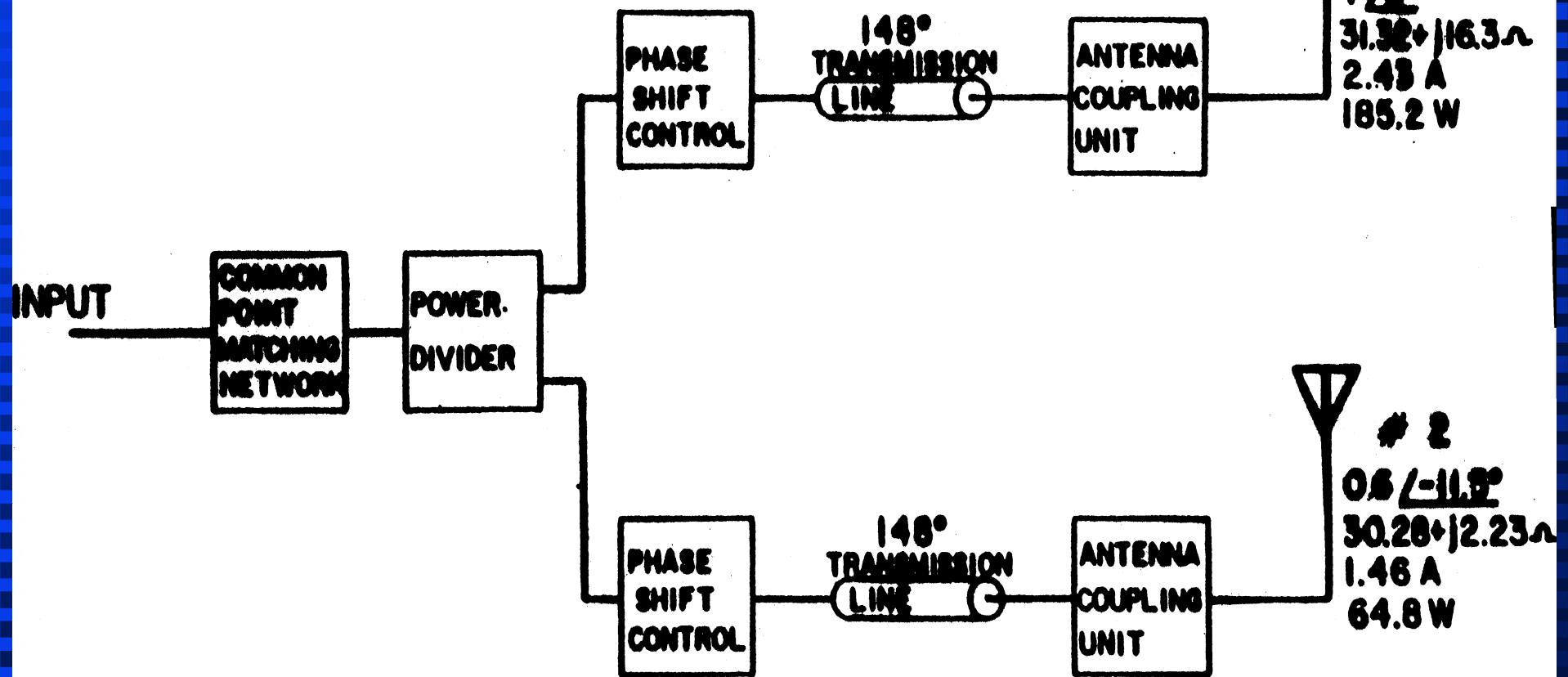
Two-Tower Phasing System Example

- Necessary Specifications
 - Parameters
 - Base Impedances
 - Base Currents
 - Power Distribution
 - Transmission Lines and Their Lengths

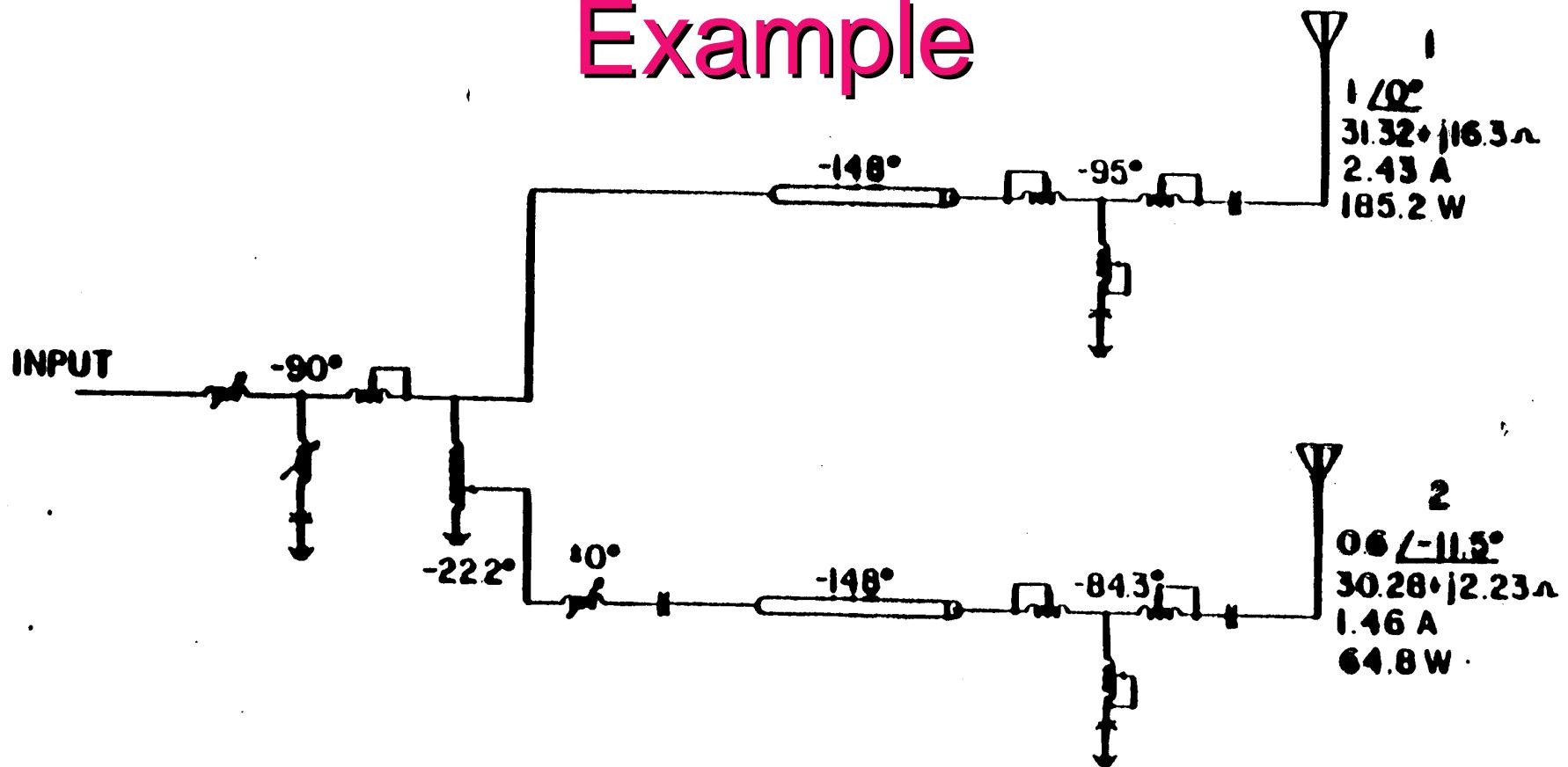
Two-Tower Phasing System Example

- Block Diagram
 - Power Division Controls
 - System Phase Shifts
 - Phase Controls
 - ATUs
 - Common Point Matching

More Examples



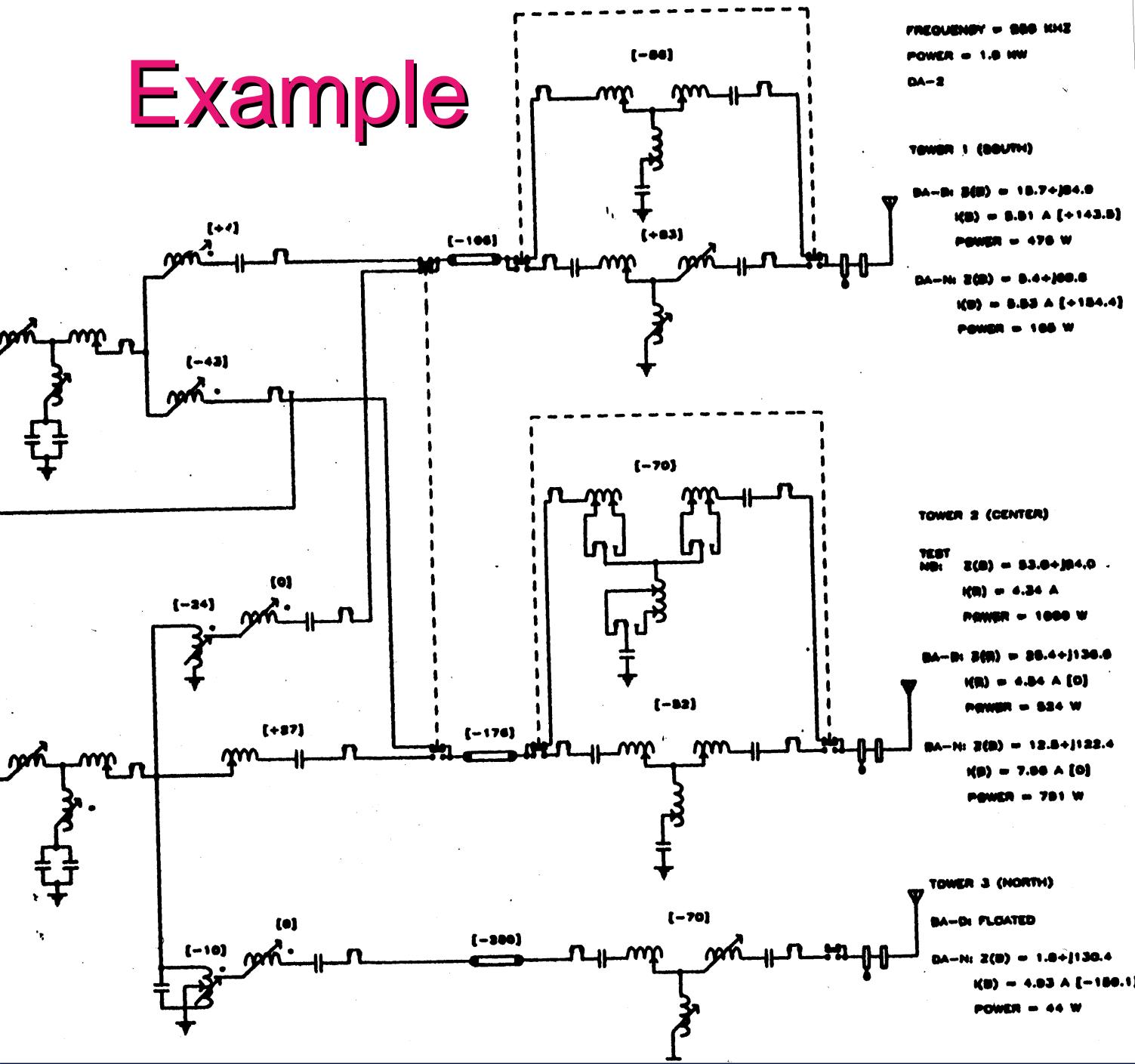
Example



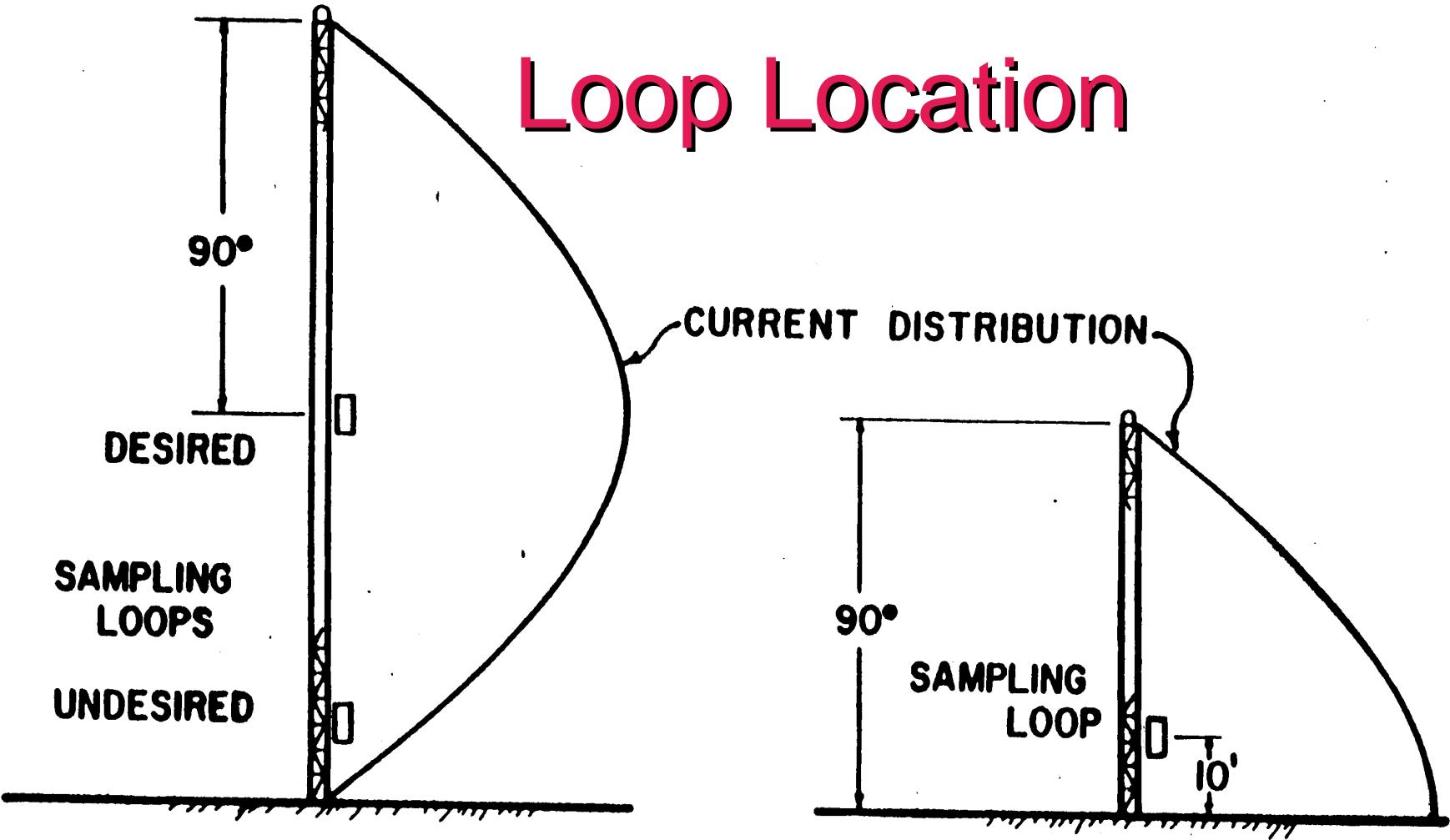
Larger System Examples

- Pattern Switching
- ND Operation
- Test Jacks

Example



Loop Location

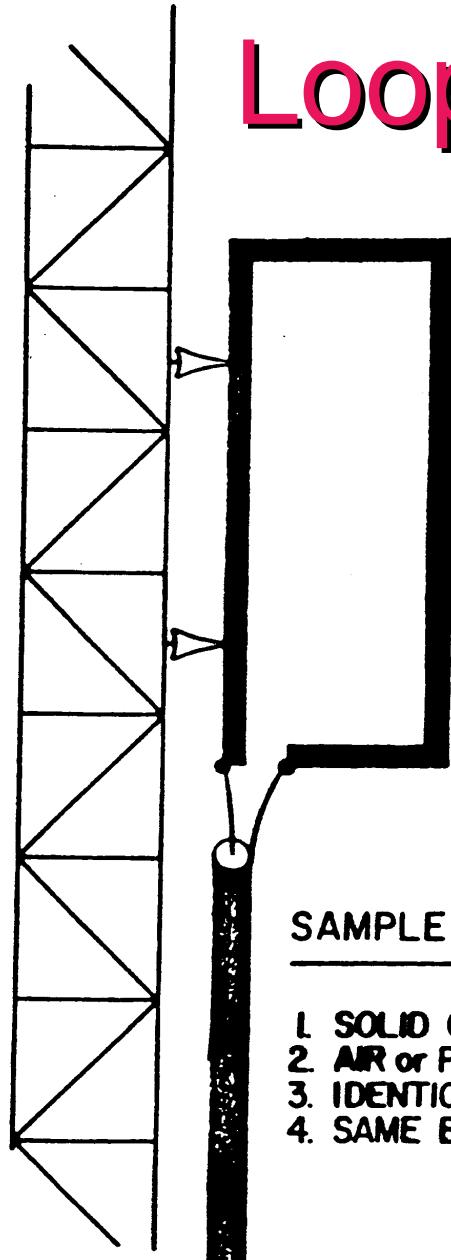


INSTALLATION OF SAMPLE LOOPS

Loop Details

SAMPLE LOOP

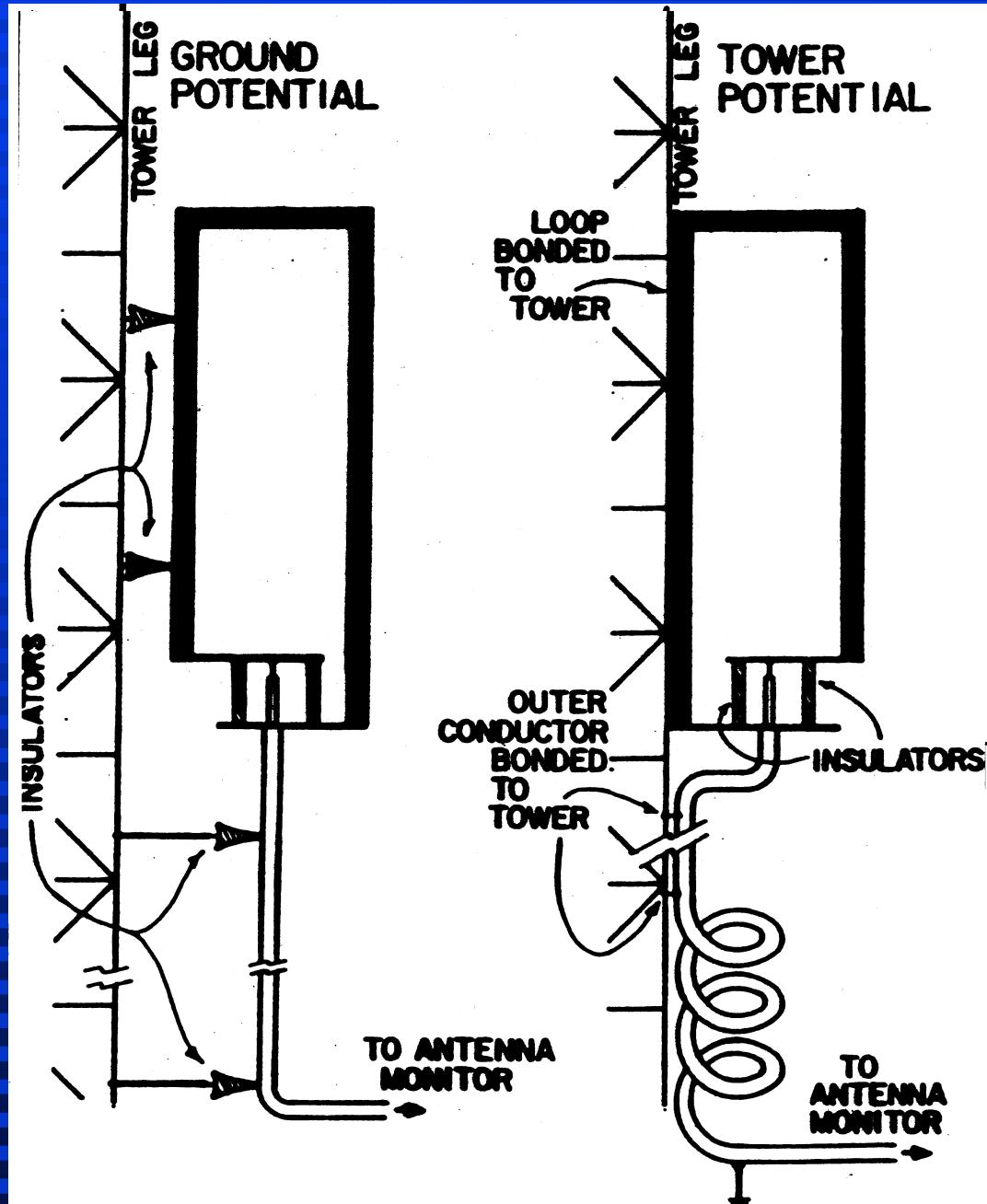
1. SINGLE TURN
2. UNTUNED
3. UNSHIELDED
4. NON-ROTATABLE (RIGID)
5. NON-HYGROSCOPIC
INSULATORS



SAMPLE LINE

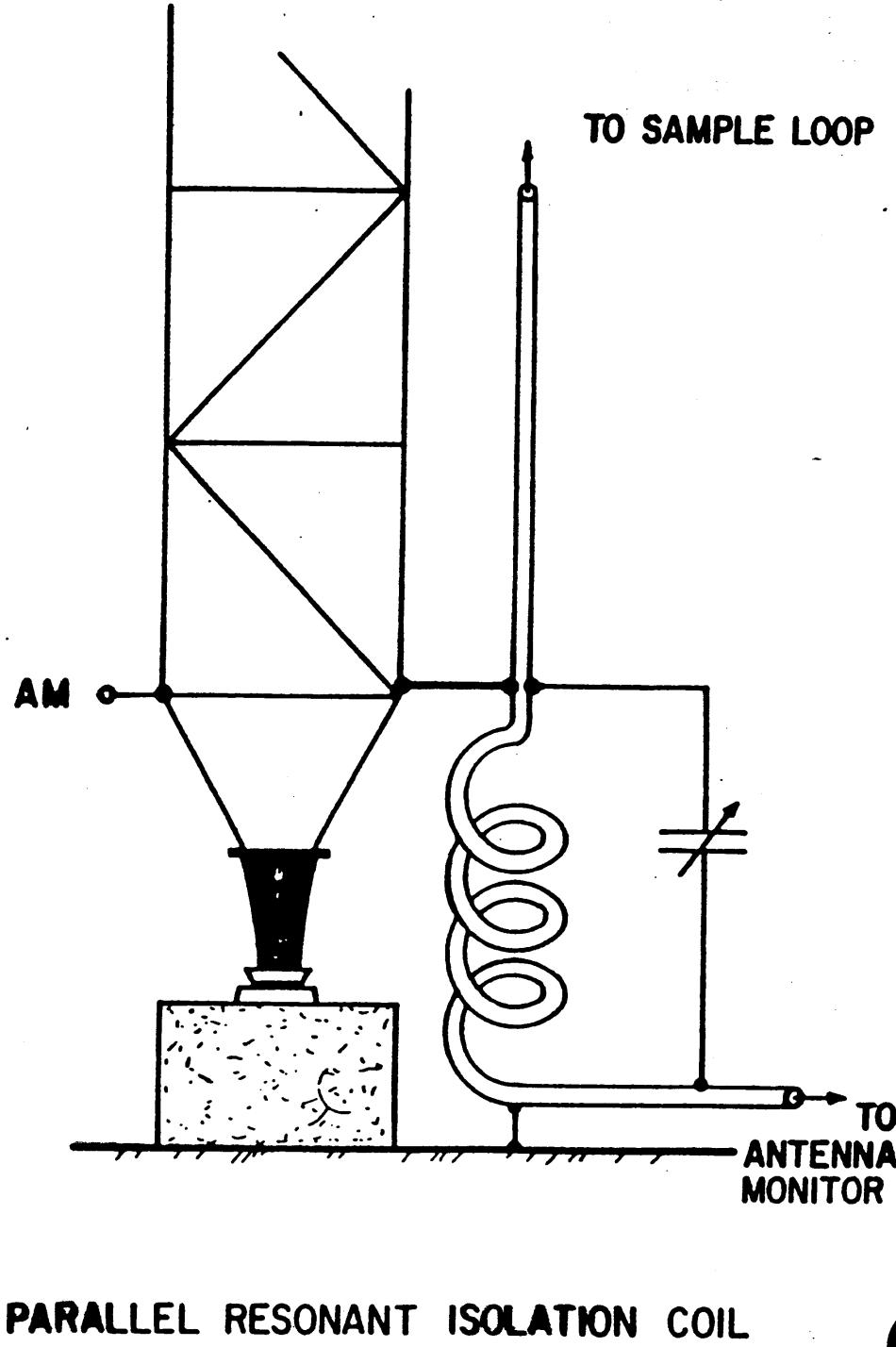
1. SOLID OUTER CONDUCTOR
2. AIR or POLYETHYLENE DIELECTRIC
3. IDENTICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
4. SAME ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Loop Mounting



METHODS OF SAMPLING LOOP MOUNTING

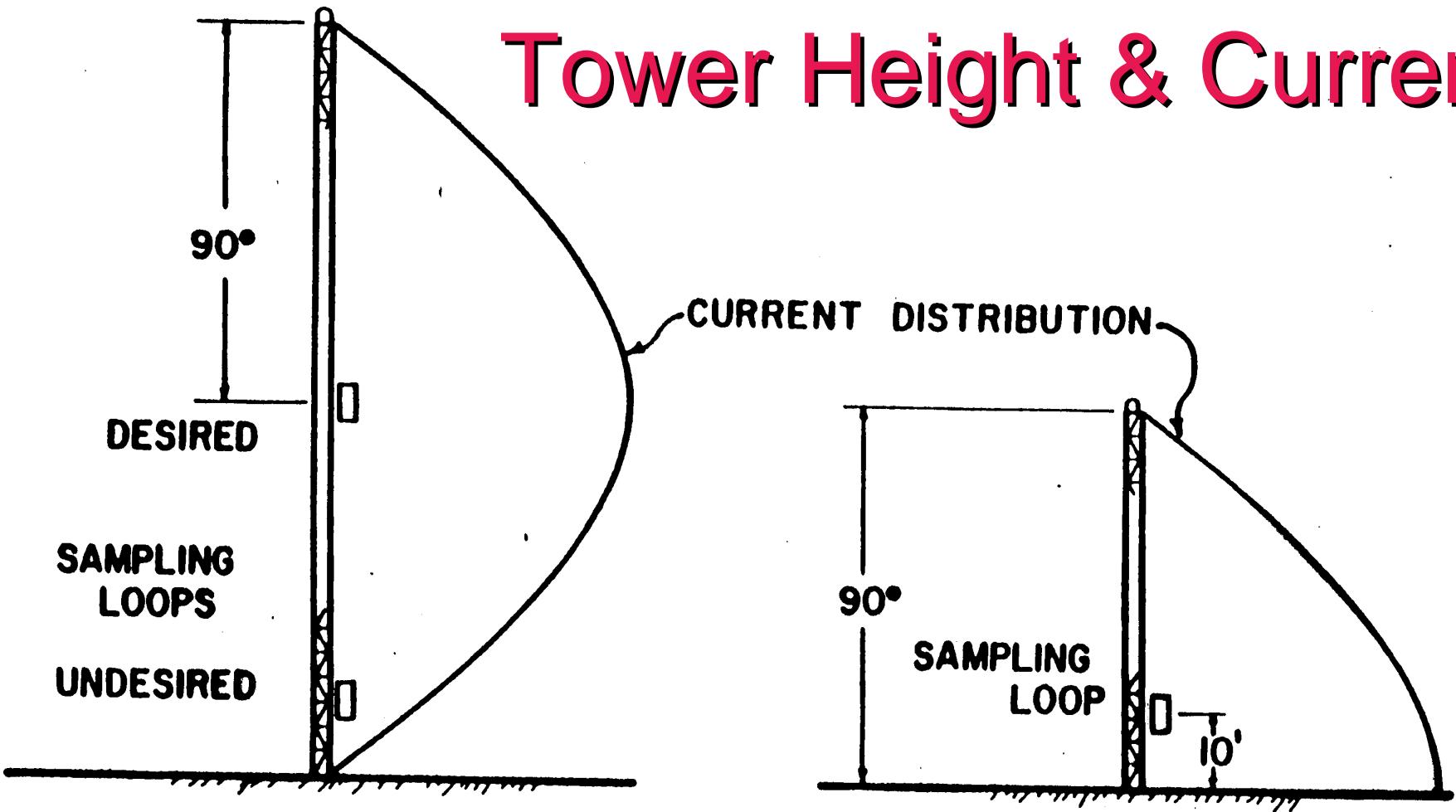
Isolation Coil



Toroids

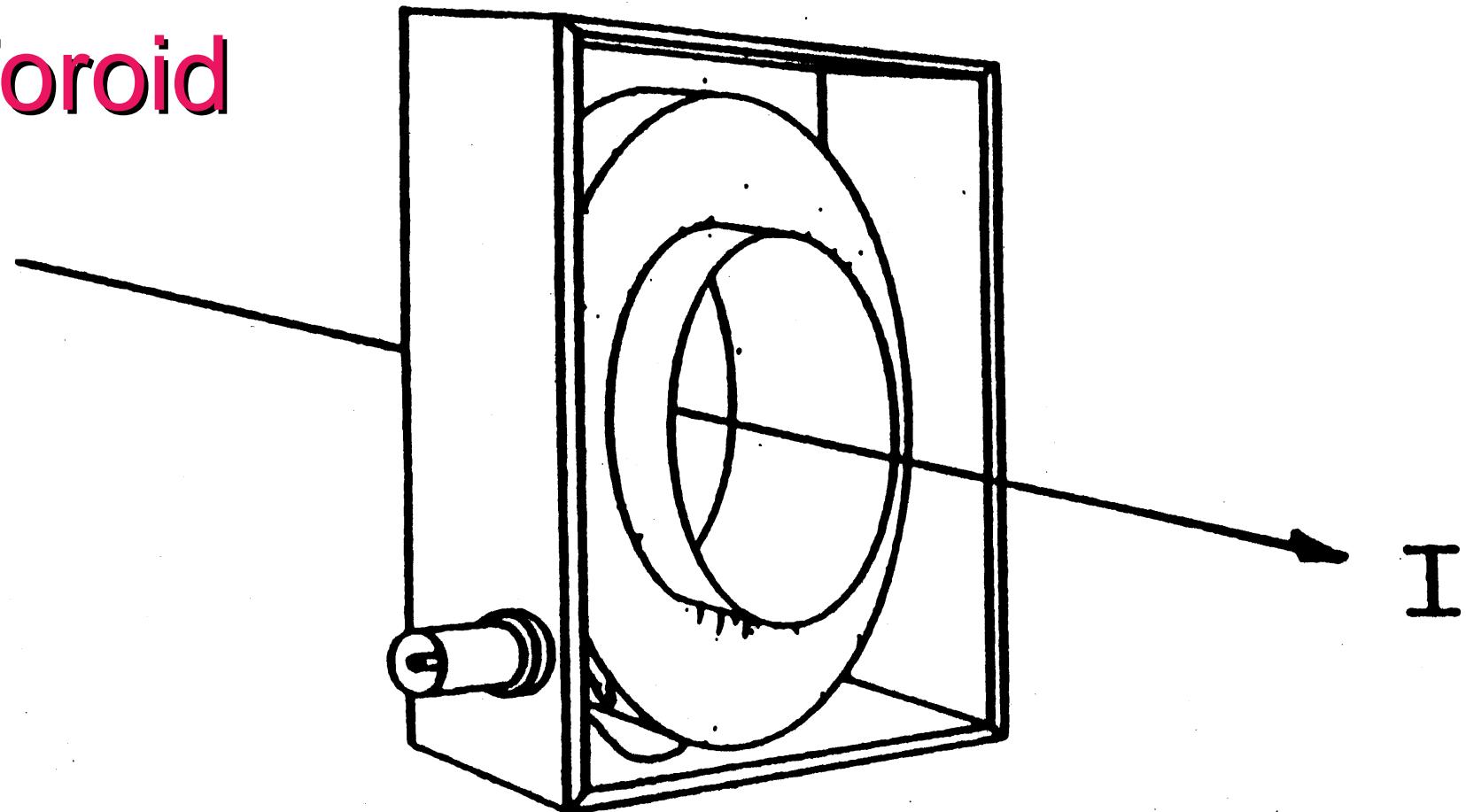
- Appropriate Tower Heights
- Subject to Shunt Effects

Tower Height & Current



INSTALLATION OF SAMPLE LOOPS

Toroid

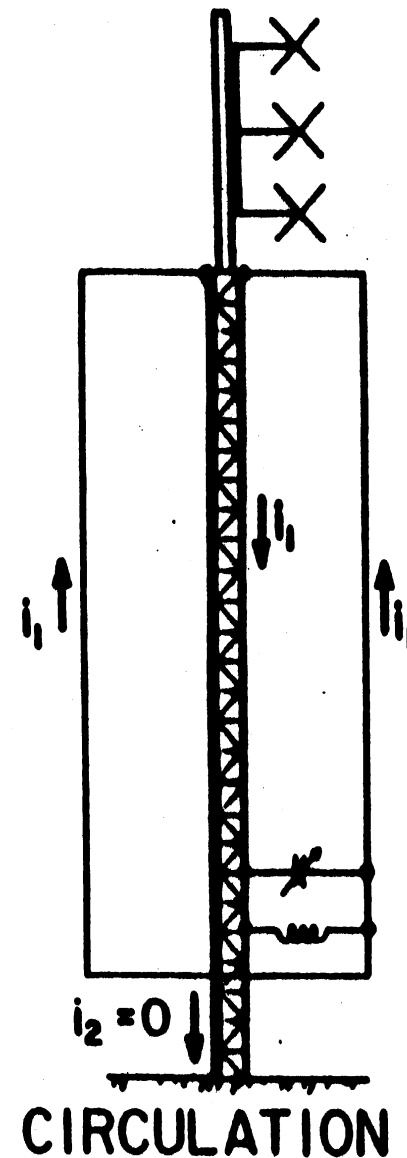
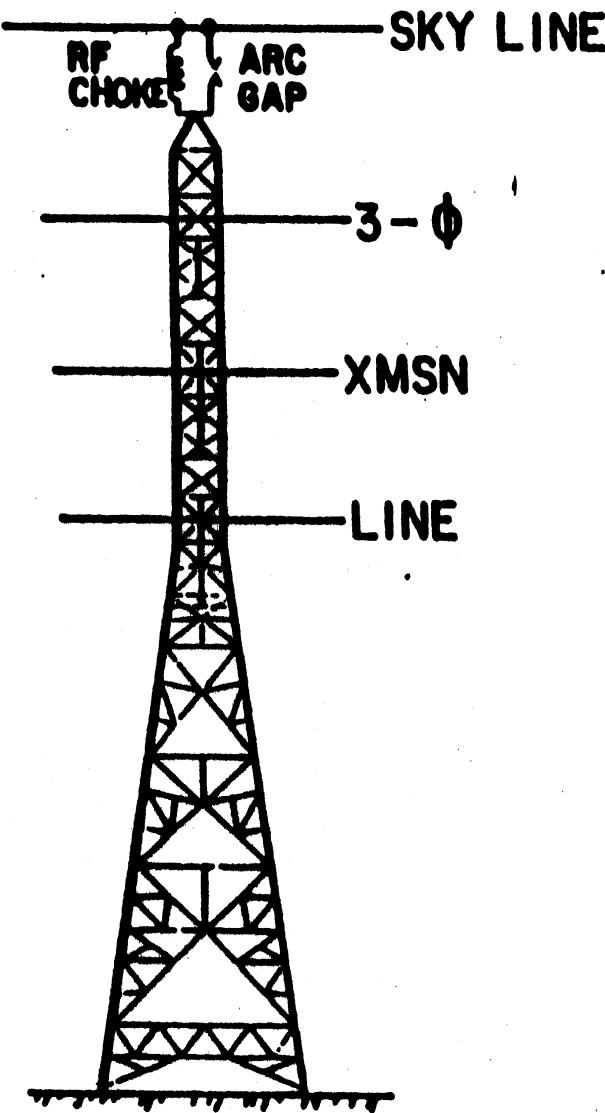


TOROIDIAL CURRENT TRANSFORMER

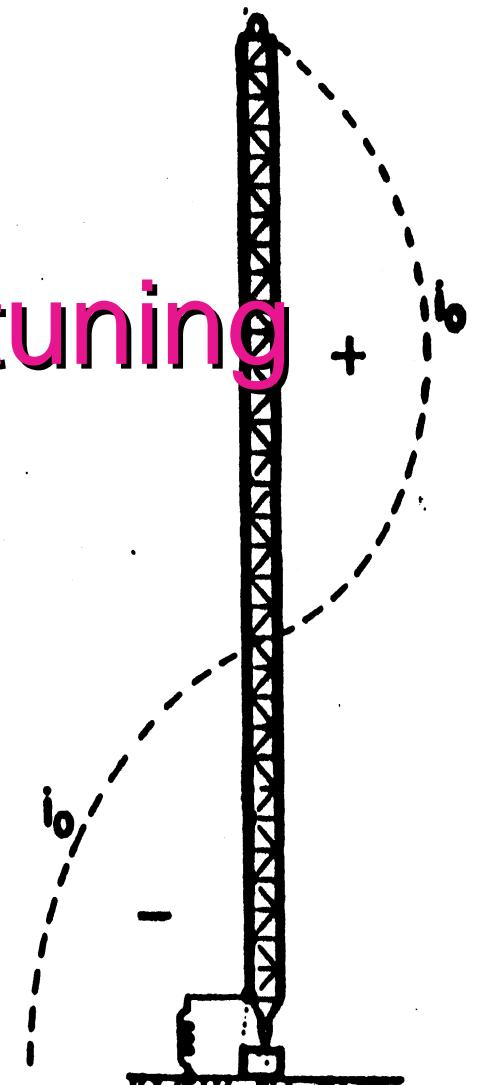
Detuning of Structures

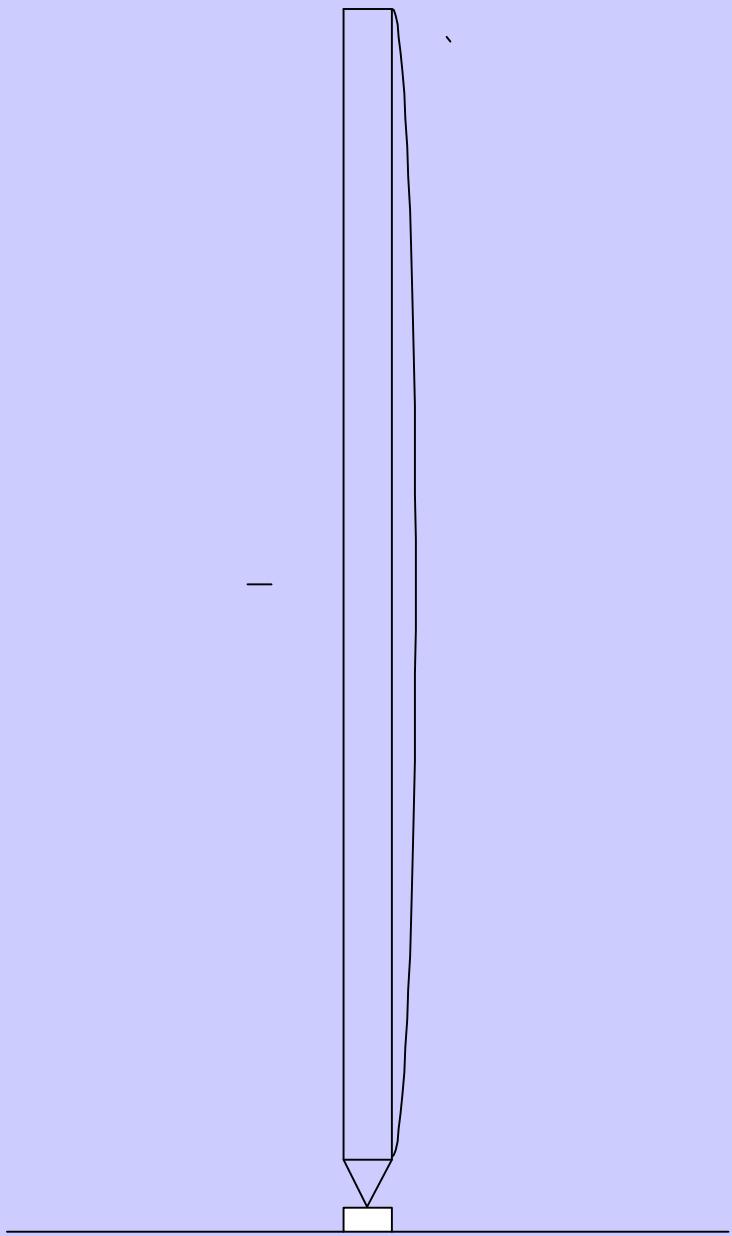
- Unused array towers
- Nearby Communications towers
- Power Line Towers

BASIC METHODS OF DETUNING

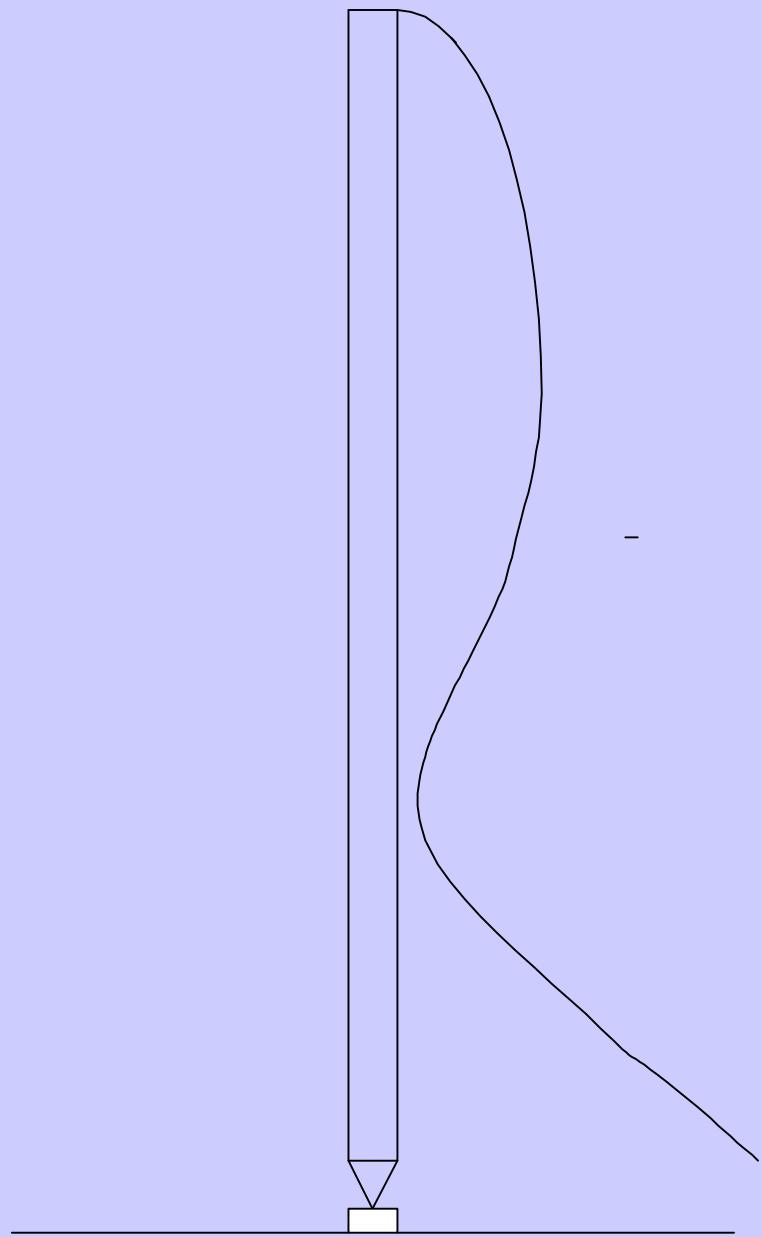


Detuning

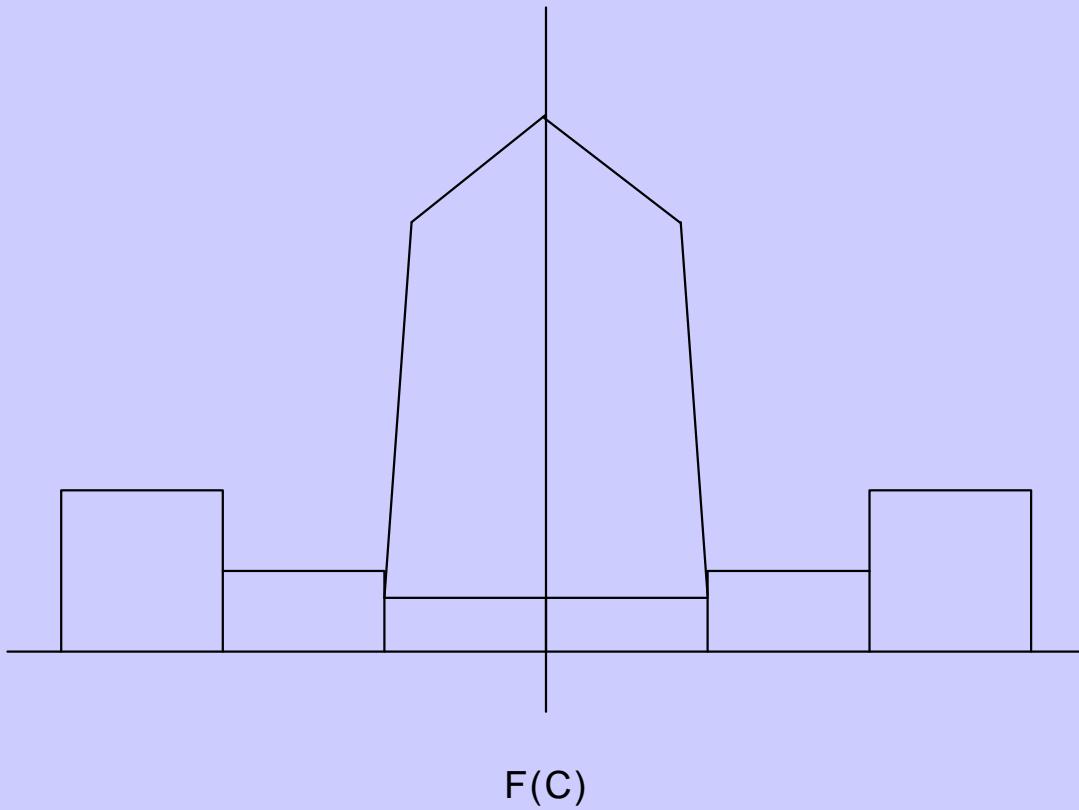




BASE FLOATING

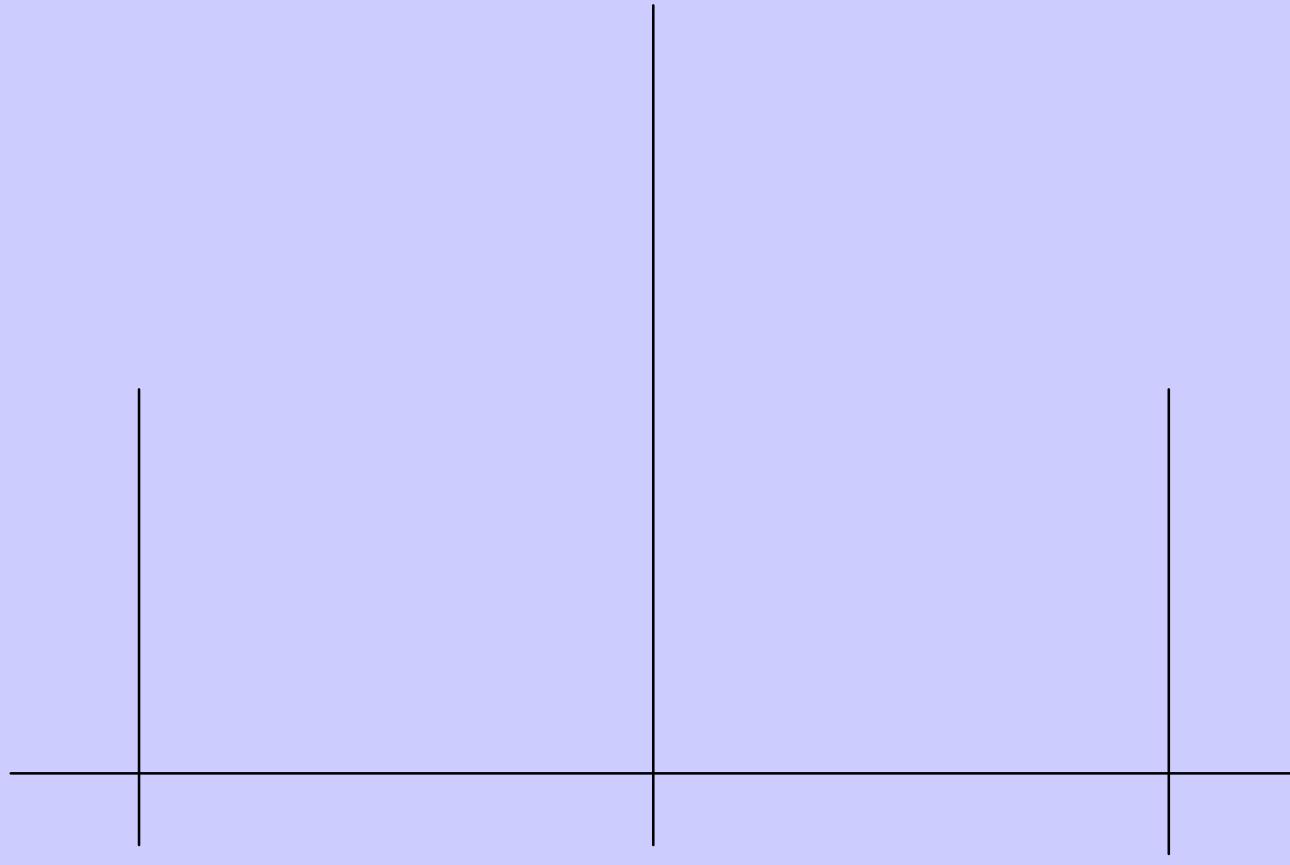


BASE REACTANCE DETUNING

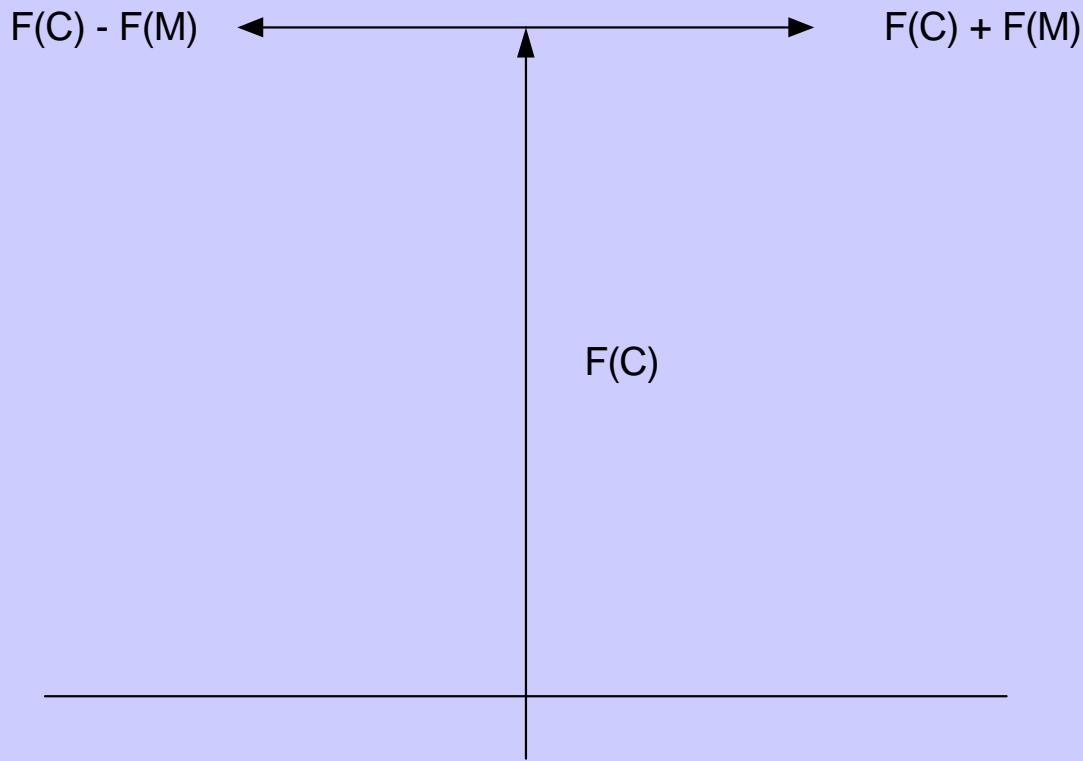


AM IBOC MODULATION SPECTRUM (FREQUENCY DOMAIN)

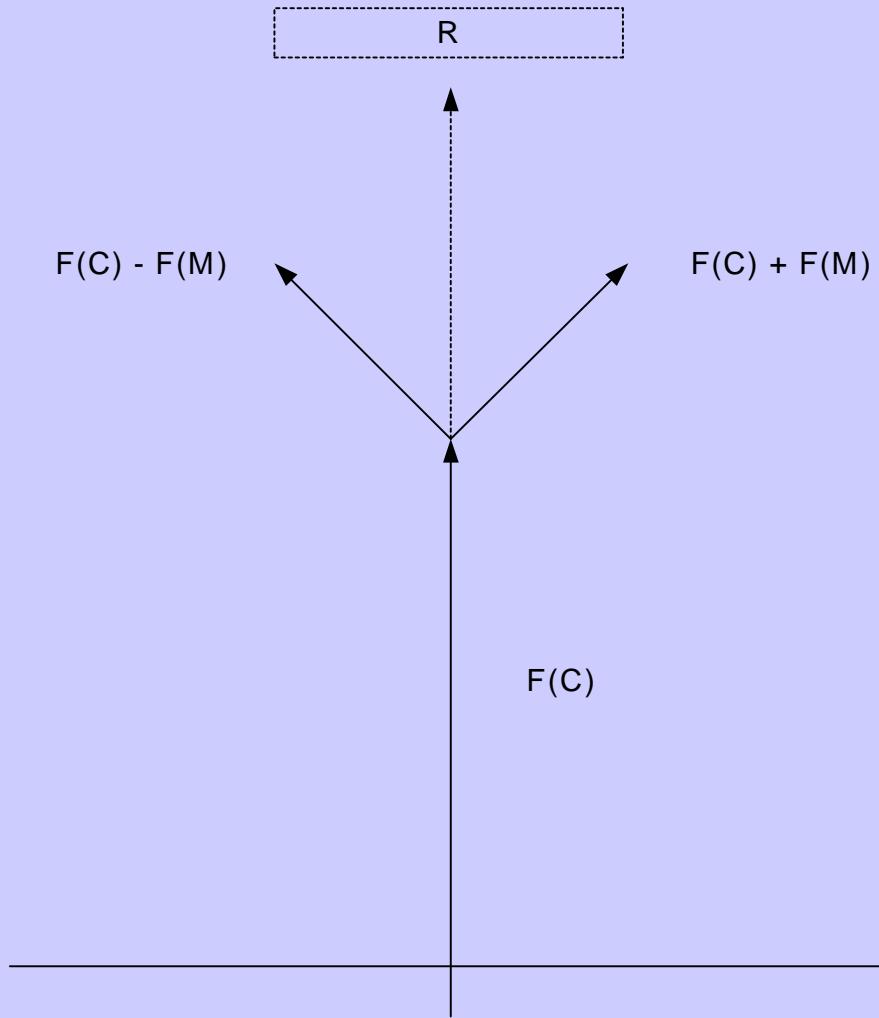
CONCEPTUAL - NOT TO SCALE



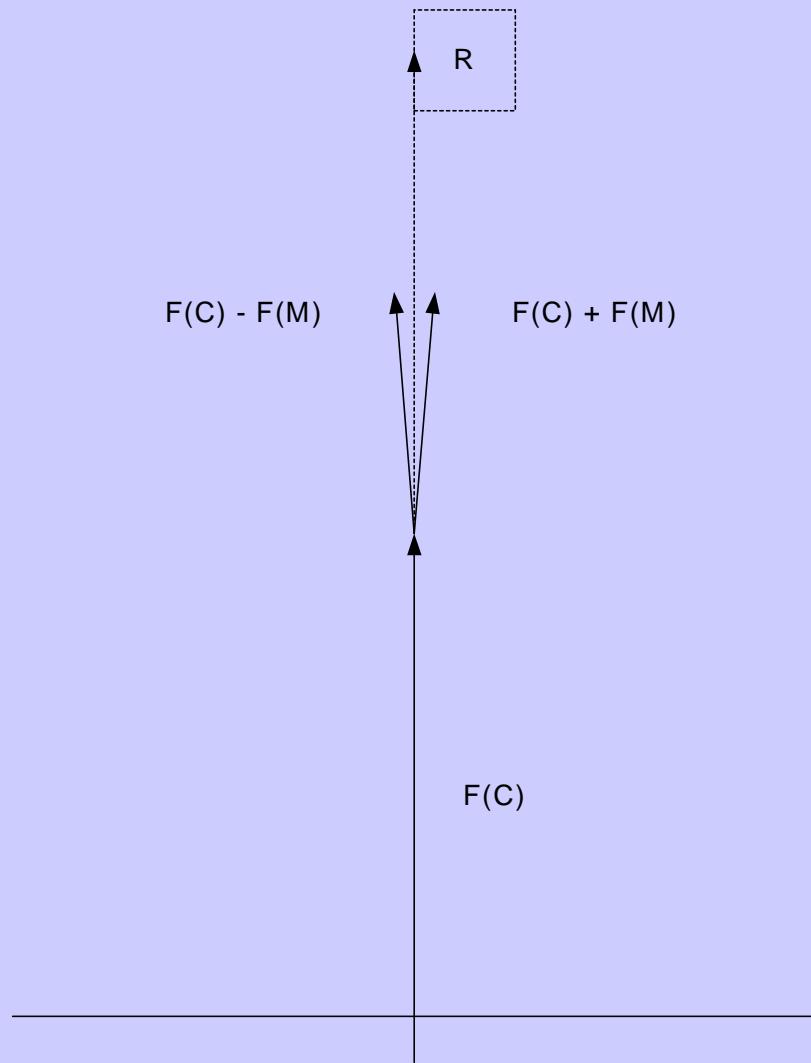
AM SINUSOIDAL MODULATION SPECTRUM
(FREQUENCY DOMAIN)



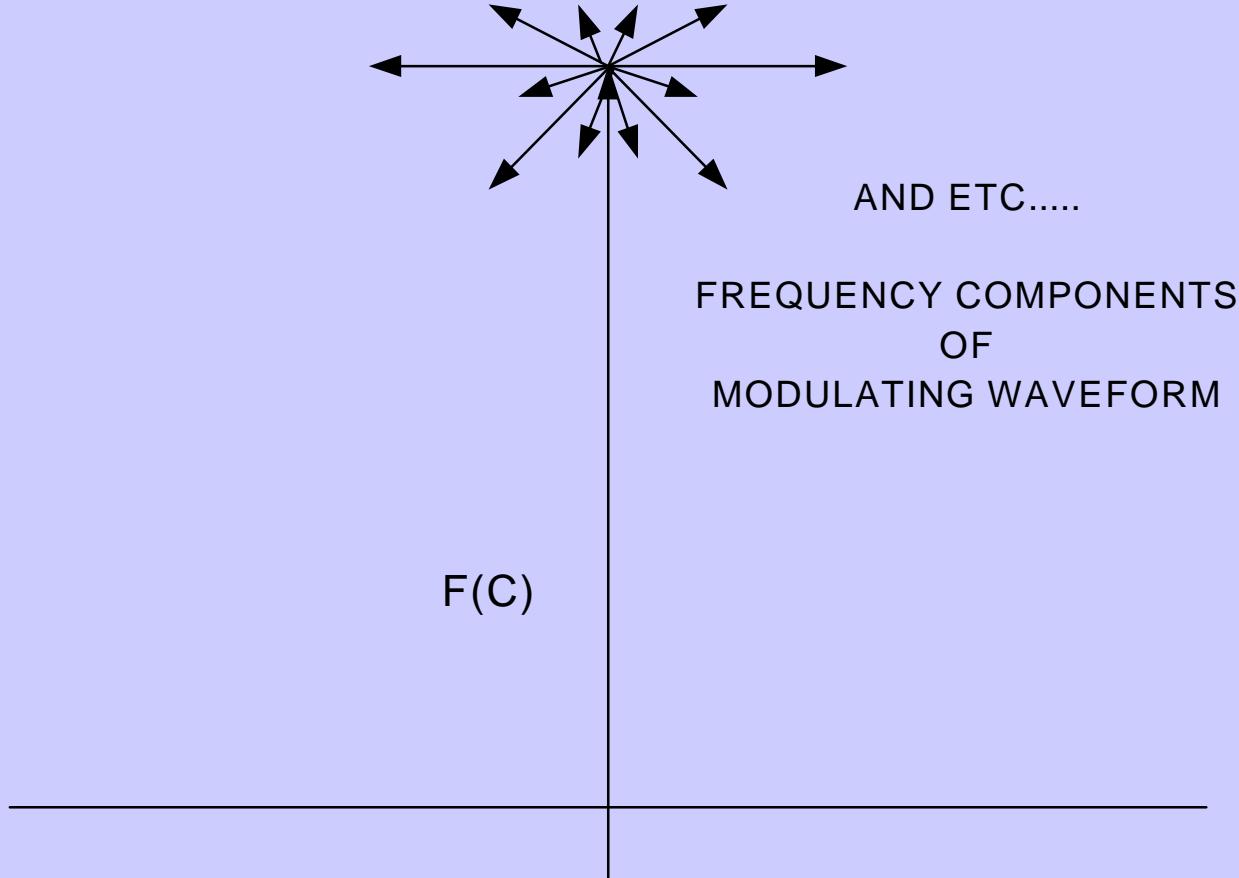
AM SINUSOIDAL MODULATION
(VECTOR REPRESENTATION)



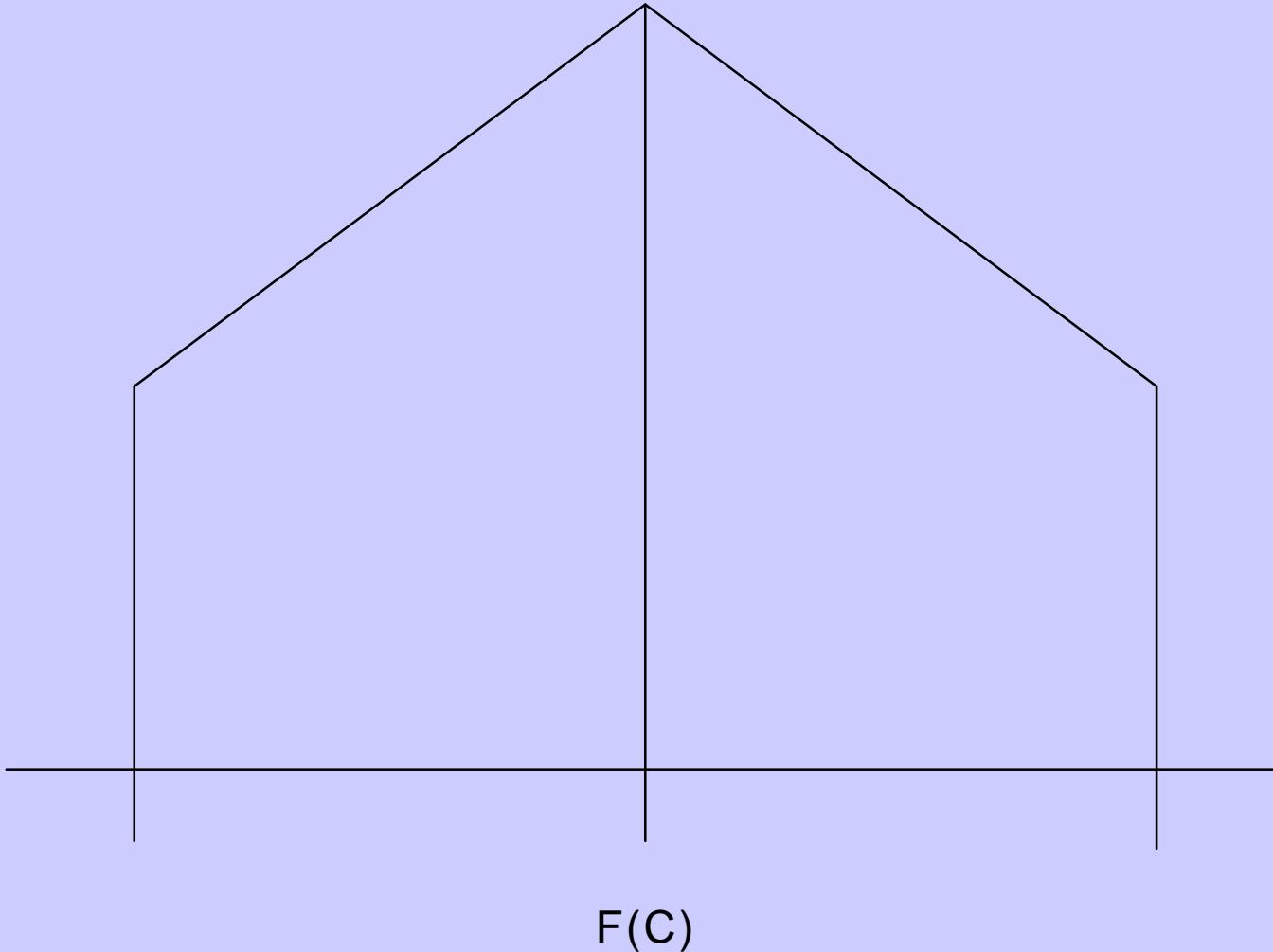
AM SINUSOIDAL MODULATION
(VECTOR REPRESENTATION)



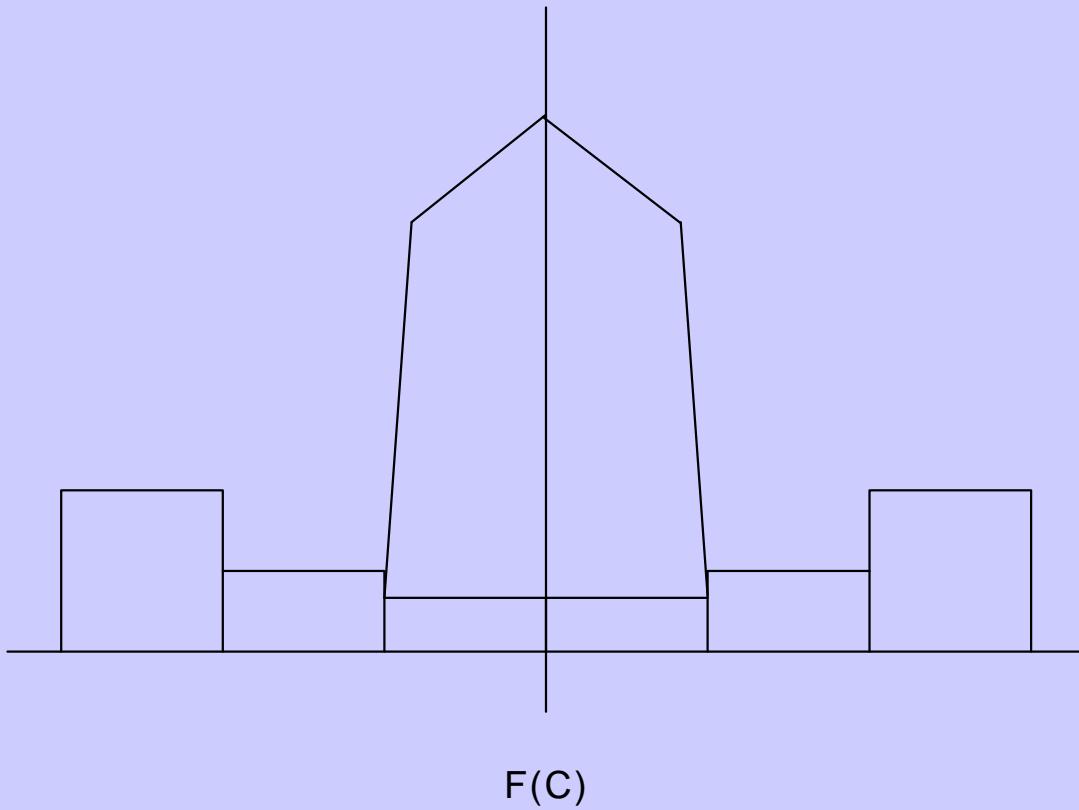
AM SINUSOIDAL MODULATION
(VECTOR REPRESENTATION)



AM COMPLEX MODULATION
(VECTOR REPRESENTATION)

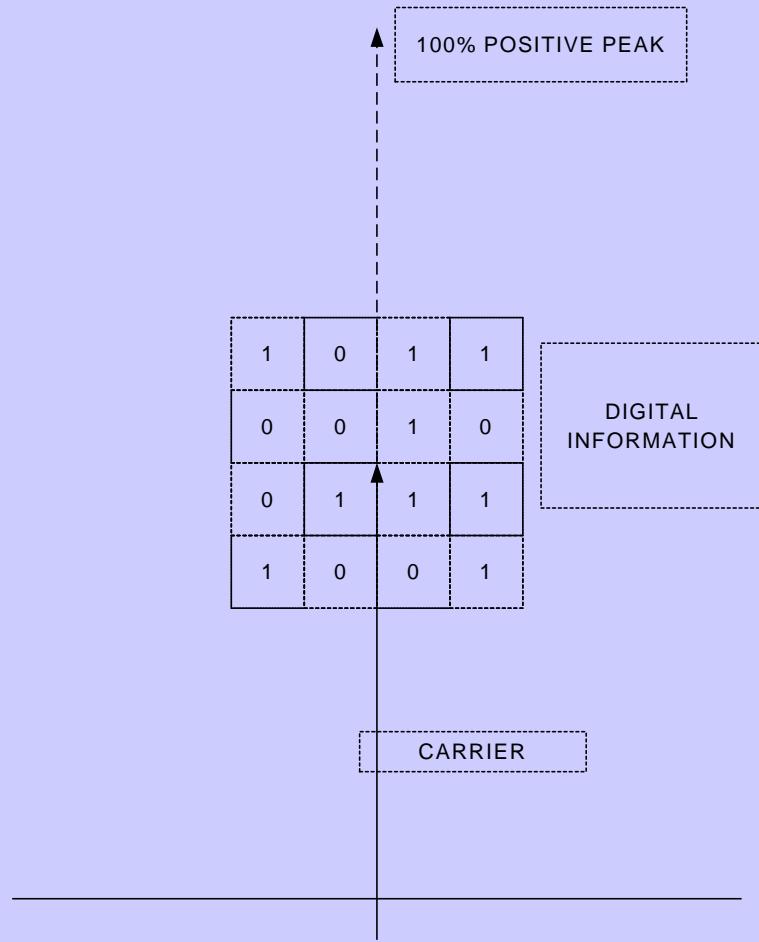


AM COMPLEX MODULATION SPECTRUM
(FREQUENCY DOMAIN)



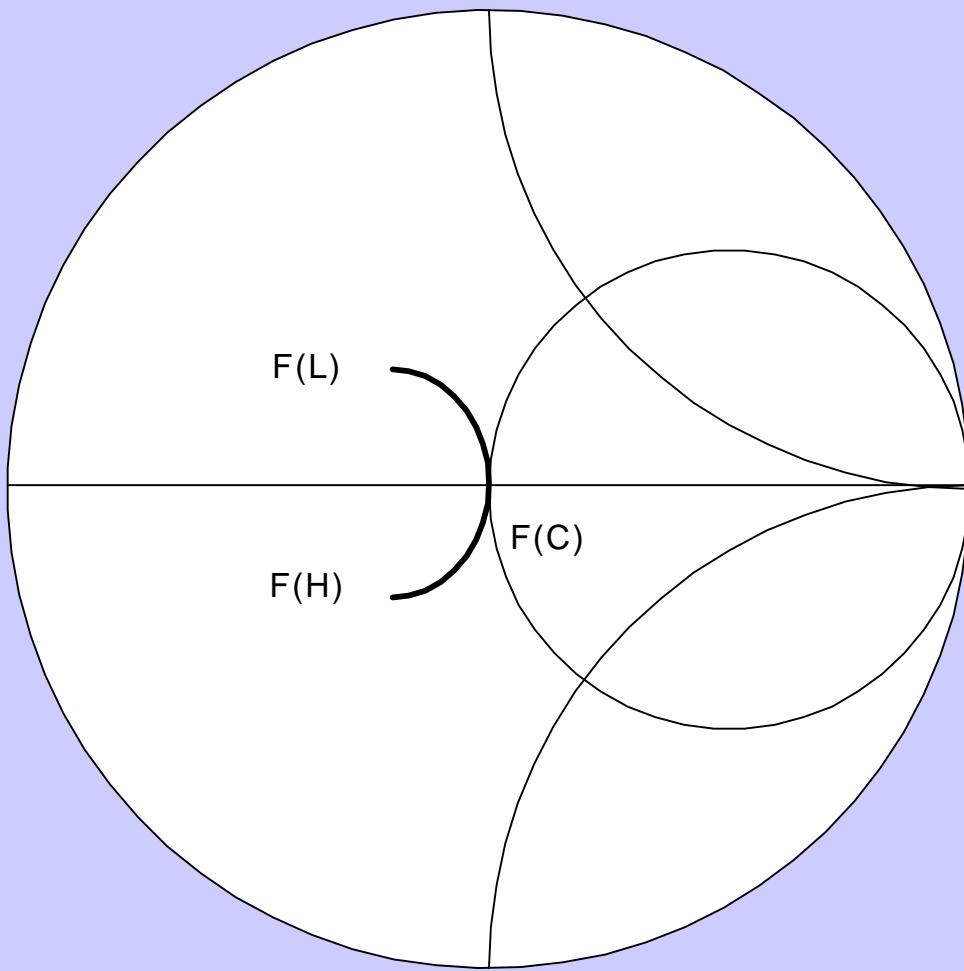
AM IBOC MODULATION SPECTRUM (FREQUENCY DOMAIN)

CONCEPTUAL - NOT TO SCALE

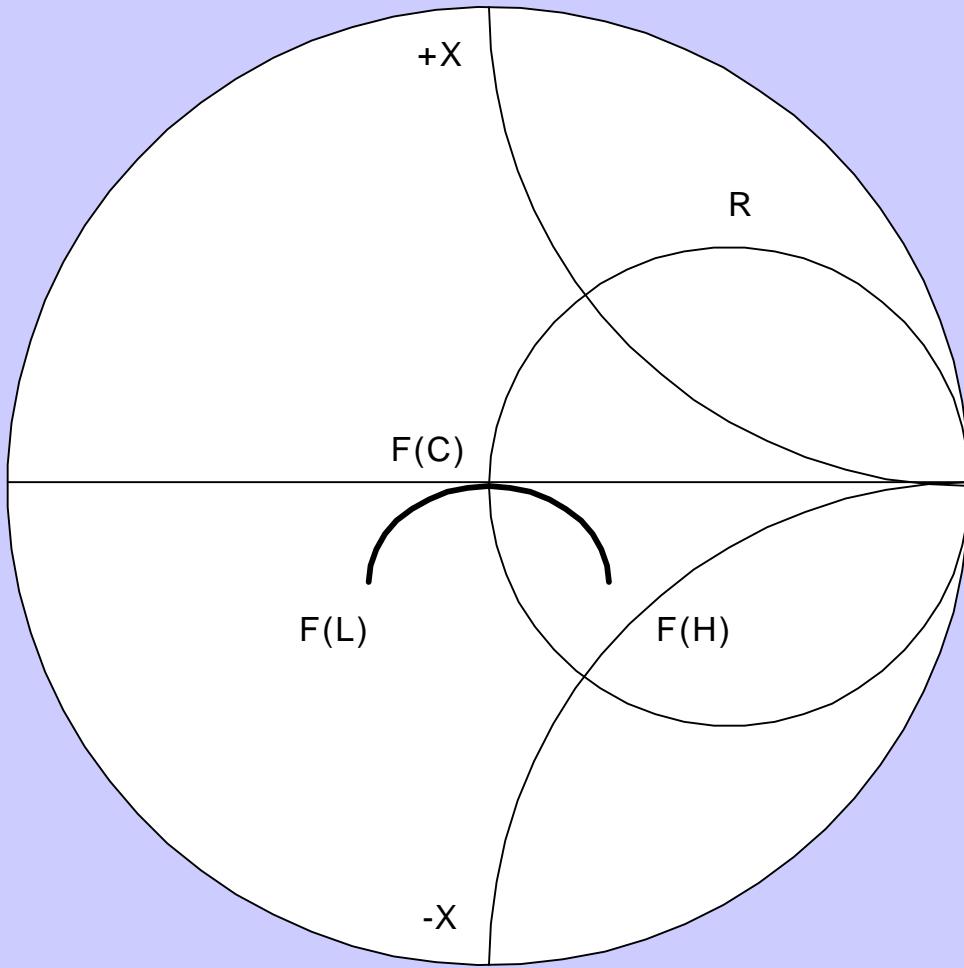


AM + DIGITAL IQ MODULATION

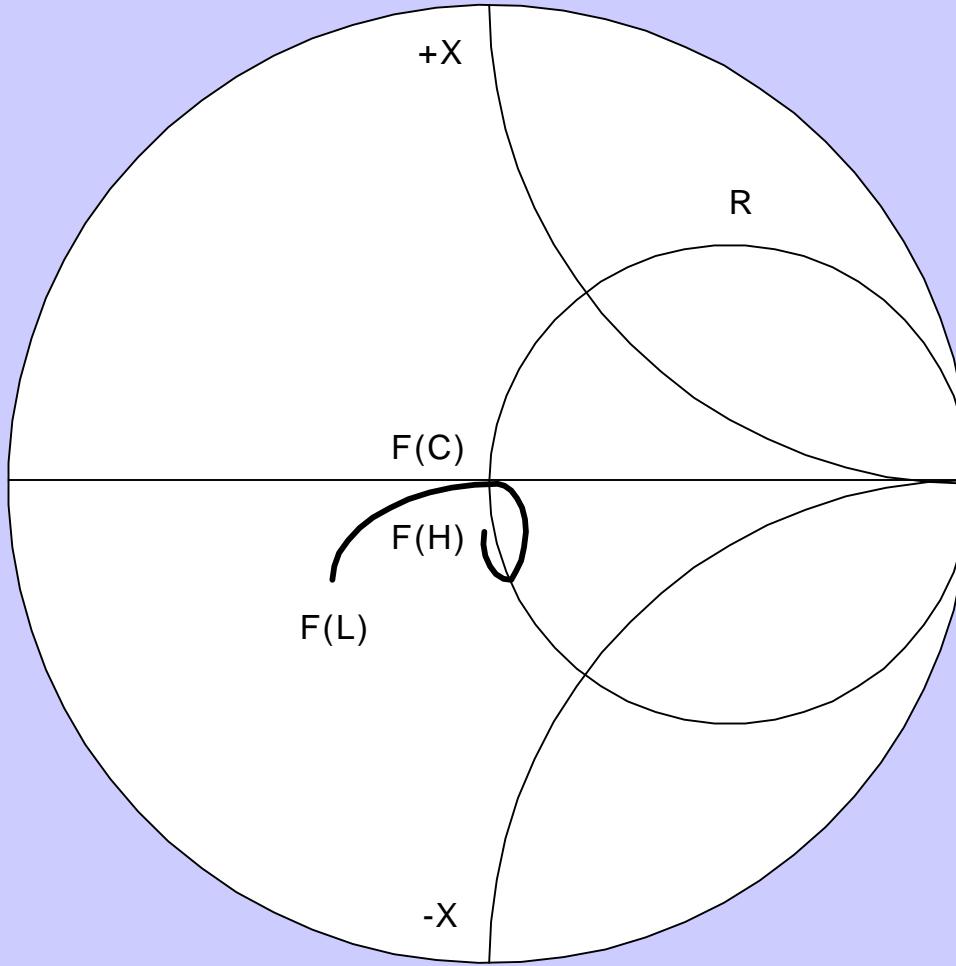
CONCEPTUAL ONLY - NOT TO SCALE



FINAL AMPLIFIER LOAD IMPEDANCE SYMMETRY



SYMMETRICAL ANTENNA IMPEDANCE



ANTENNA IMPEDANCE ASYMMETRY